

BRYANSTON

FIRST AID POLICY

1 Introduction

Bryanston School aims to meet and exceed the requirements of The Health and Safety (First-Aid) Regulations 1981. Bryanston will provide adequate and appropriate equipment, facilities and first aid at work trained staff (referred to in this document as First Aiders) to meet the reasonable needs of all staff, students, contractors and visitors at the school. Provision is made for the mental health and well-being of students and staff as well as the physical well-being, but is outside the scope of this policy. Further information about mental health and well-being support that Bryanston gives to students and staff is available on request.

The school follows the ISI guidance on First Aid.

The First Aid Policy is reviewed annually by the Medical Centre Manager and the Health and Safety Officer. Any proposed policy changes are presented to and endorsed by the Occupational Health and Safety Committee.

If a student is injured the Medical Centre, and Housemaster/ mistress (Hsm) will determine if and how to report the injury to a parent or guardian.

2 First Aid Provision

2.1 Promulgation

Heads of Departments, Hsms and Staff in Charge of Games/Activities are responsible for ensuring that their staff, students, contractors and visitors are aware of the first aid provisions that are in place for them. They are responsible for considering first aid in their risk assessments, and ensuring adequate controls are in place and communicated to all those who may be affected by the activity. This includes the term time and holiday arrangements for first aid, how to contact first aiders, the locations of first aid kits, how to report use of supplies, and the reporting of accidents, near misses and sporting injuries.

2.2 Provision

First aid is provided by the Medical Centre staff and trained First Aiders during term time. During School holidays first aid is provided by trained First Aiders. During term time the Medical Centre is staffed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by qualified Registered Nurses who will provide medical assistance for students, staff and visitors. A full register of first aid at work trained staff is held and monitored by the Health and Safety Officer. This list is also available in the Gatehouse and the Common Room.

There is a First Aid building (CJ Pavilion) located on the Playing Fields. This is staffed by a member of the Medical Centre team/First Aider during School games sessions and School matches. Additional support is provided by paramedics and physiotherapists where a need has been identified.



2.3 Training

Training needs are considered and reviewed at least annually by the Occupational Health Sub Committee. The Health and Safety Officer is responsible for the administration of first aid training. All records of first aid training are kept by Human Resources and entered onto MyBry.

The Health and Safety Officer arranges the following first aid training:

First Aid at Work;

Emergency First Aid at Work;

Basic Life Support/AED;

Water based First Aid;

Anaphylaxis awareness;

Asthma awareness;

Diabetes awareness;

Administration of Medicines.

Specific first aid training can be arranged in addition to the above upon request.

The Sports Centre Manager arranges the training of Sports Centre staff, all of whom have ongoing First Aid and Water based training as part of their National Pool Lifeguard Qualification.

The Outdoor Education Practitioner arranges specific training as required for some staff involved in Outdoor Pursuits.

2.4 Contact Information

The Medical Centre can be contacted as follows:

Internal Calls	Ext 621
External Calls	01258484621
Nurse Duty Mobile	07843355188
Nurse/First Aider Playing Fields	07843355189

First Aiders can be contacted via the Gatehouse or directly. The Gatehouse can be contacted as follows:

Internal Calls	Ext. 0
External Calls	01258 452411
Mobile	07843 355180

2.5 First Aid Equipment

First Aid equipment and supplies can be obtained from the Medical Centre and the Health and Safety Office.



2.6 First Aid Boxes

There are first aid boxes in the following locations:

Each Boarding House	Grounds
Minibus's, Security Vehicle, Vans	Head's
Catering	Climbing Tower
Housekeeping staff tea room	Music School
Cafe	Vehicle workshops
Facilities Management	Admissions
Laundry	Common Room
Recycling Centre	Bursary
School Shop	Finance Bursary
Coade Hall	Stables
EEMR	Sports Centre
Modern Languages	Boat house – rowing and kayaking areas
Sanger	Pioneering
DT	Gatehouse
Art	Church
Outdoor Ed	A2 Social
Heads Offices	Photography Room
Top Servery	Major Incident Boxes
Health & Safety and Compliance Office	

The Gatehouse holds a supply of stocked first aid boxes that are available for Off Site Visits (day trips). First Aid Kits are issued to Heads of Sport upon request.

Each first aid box is maintained by the relevant Head of Department/Staff in Charge who is required to advise the Medical Centre or the Health and Safety Office of any requirements for restocking.

It is the responsibility of the driver of the minibus to check the first aid kit is adequately stocked prior to departing on a journey, and to request requisitions via the Gatehouse.

The Health and Safety Officer arranges termly checks of first aid boxes.

2.7 Defibrillators (AED's)

There are 5 AED's on site. These are located in the Gatehouse; Medical Centre; CJ Medical Pavilion; Boathouse and Sports Centre. Instructions for use are kept with the machine.

The majority of staff working in these areas are trained in the use of these.

The Head of Department in the area in which the AED is located is responsible for arranging weekly checks on the AED. These include checking:

- 1) The "rescue ready" green light is shining;
- 2) The battery has at least 2 bars. The battery will need replacing when there are 2 bars; and
- 3) The pads are in date. Pads need to be checked in advance of their expiry date.

These weekly checks are to be recorded.

Faults should be reported to the Health and Safety Office.

Replacement pads are available from the Health and Safety Office.

The Health and Safety Officer arranges termly checks of the AED's.



2.8 Adrenaline Auto Injectors (AAI's/"Epipens")

There are 8 generic AAI's on site. These are located in the Gatehouse (X2); Medical Centre (x2); CJ Medical Pavilion (x1) and Boathouse (x1). Instructions for use are kept with the AAI.

The majority of staff working in these areas are trained in the use of these.

The Health and Safety Officer arranges termly checks of the generic AAI's.

3 Incident Management at the Point of Need

3.1 Levels of Incident

Level 3 Incident – Life threatening

Call an ambulance immediately.

When an ambulance is called the following procedure must be adhered to:

- 1) Contact the Gatehouse to inform them of emergency call and the location of the incident
- 2) The Gatehouse will then contact the following:
 - A member of Security, who will escort the emergency services to the site of the incident
 - Medical Centre (term time) or a First Aider (holiday time)
 - Second Master (term time)
 - Head of Operations (holiday time)
 - Bursar (holiday time)

Level 2 Incident – Serious but not life threatening

Call an ambulance if necessary (follow procedure for calling an ambulance above).

Contact a first aider (term time and holidays) or a nurse (term time) OR take the injured person to the Medical Centre (term time).

Level 1 Incident – other injuries

Accompany injured person to the Medical Centre (term time) or summons help from a First Aider (term time and holidays).

Staff must always

- Send students - no matter how slight the injury - to the Medical Centre not back to their Boarding House.
- Accompany the injured student to the Medical Centre themselves, or send them with another student or member of staff. DO NOT send them alone. If possible call the Medical Centre to advise them to expect the student.
- **If a student is Anaphylactic and having a reaction OR is not well enough to walk to the Medical Centre you MUST phone the Medical Centre and inform the team. The nurses will come to you with the relevant kit.**

3.2 RIDDOR

The Health and Safety Officer is responsible for recording and reporting of incidents in accordance with the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013. Appendix B provides a summary of the reporting requirements of RIDDOR.



4 Arrangements for Students with Long Term Medical Conditions

Students who have chronic medical conditions such as asthma, diabetes, dietary allergies/intolerance, and epilepsy have their conditions recorded on Medical ISAMs. The Medical Centre, Hsms and all relevant staff have access to this information and are responsible for disseminating it as required.

All students with medical conditions going on school trips are identified by the trip leader before the trip leaves so that the accompanying staff are aware of both the issue and any possible intervention or action that might be required on their part. Training is available to assist these staff, for example training in anaphylaxis and asthma awareness.

4.1 Dealing with the spillage of bodily fluids

Staff must ensure that if they have cuts or abrasions these are covered with waterproof or other suitable dressings before administering first aid. Staff should wear disposable gloves and apron, and other appropriate PPE if available, when dealing with bodily fluids, these are provided in all first aid boxes.

All spillages must be cleared up as soon as possible. Bodily Fluid Spillage Clean Up Kits are provided in all boarding houses and are available from the Gatehouse and Housekeeping. These must be disposed of as contaminated waste in the specific yellow bin outside the Medical Centre. These kits are replenished by Housekeeping.

Contaminated bedding, clothing, etc. is to be placed in a red bag and sent to the School Laundry.

Housekeeping is to be informed of any spillages of bodily fluids, and the area closed off where ever possible until cleaning, including steam cleaning, has taken place.

5 Accidents and Near Misses

5.1 Accident Reporting

All accidents involving students must be reported to the Medical Centre by the member of staff in charge of the student or first at the incident, and the Hsm informed. The Medical Centre records all injuries.

All other accidents must be reported to the Head of Department.

5.2 Reporting of Sports Injuries

See Appendix A details the procedures for the reporting of sports injuries.

5.3 Accident and Near Miss Books

All accidents and near misses must be recorded in the appropriate Accident/ Near Miss Book. A 'near miss' is any incident in which an injury could have happened but no actual harm occurred.

Accident Books are located in the Gatehouse and the Medical Centre. There is a further accident book at the Stables.

Near-miss books are located in the Gatehouse and Common Room and may also be reported to the Health and Safety Officer by email.

All reported accidents and near misses are considered weekly. In the event of an accident the employee/staff i/c is interviewed, and all reportable accidents are investigated. In considering all reports, patterns are looked for, and improvements are made where identified.

A report is given to the Occupational Health Sub Committee termly.



Appendix A: Procedure for the Reporting of Sports Injuries

This procedure is to be followed for injuries that are sustained by Bryanston students when playing sports.

The aim of the above reporting procedures is:

- to ensure that Bryanston investigates and reports incidents as appropriate and in accordance with RIDDOR and general good practice.
- to enable Bryanston to look at any patterns in injuries sustained, and consider any controls that may be necessary.

Sports Injuries sustained on site must be reported to the nurse on duty at the playing fields or to the Medical Centre.

The nurse/first aider on duty at the playing fields will record injuries on the Sporting Injuries Record Sheet.

Injuries reported to the Medical Centre will be recorded in the day book, and on the student's medical record if a boarder.

Details of sporting injuries will be provided by the Medical Centre to the Director of Sport half termly for consideration.



Appendix B: Summary of Reporting & Recording Requirements of RIDDOR 2013

RIDDOR is the **Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013**.

RIDDOR is the law that requires employers, and other people who are in control of work premises, to report and keep records of:

- work-related accidents which cause deaths;
- work-related accidents which cause certain serious injuries;
- diagnosed cases of certain industrial diseases; and
- certain 'dangerous occurrences' (near miss incidents).

Reporting requirements

Deaths

A death must be reported if:

- it results from a work accident;
- a worker sustains an occupational injury;
- it results from an act of physical violence to a worker.

Injuries to people at work

RIDDOR gives two types of injuries that must be reported if the person was at work: 'specified injuries' and 'over- seven-day injuries'.

1) Specified injuries These include:

- a fracture, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes;
- amputation of an arm, hand, finger, thumb, leg, foot or toe;
- permanent loss of sight or reduction of sight;
- crush injuries leading to internal organ damage;
- serious burns (covering more than 10% of the body, or damaging the eyes, respiratory system or other vital organs);
- scalpings which require hospital treatment;
- unconsciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia;
- any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space, which leads to hypothermia, heat induced illness or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours.

2) Over-seven-day injuries

This is where an employee, or self-employed person, is away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than seven consecutive days (not counting the day of the accident).

Injuries to people not at work

Work-related accidents involving members of the public or people who are not at work must be reported if a person is injured and is taken from the scene of the accident to hospital; for treatment to that injury. There is no requirement to establish what hospital treatment is actually provided, and no need to report incidents where people are taken to hospital purely as a precaution when no injury is apparent.

If the injury occurred at a hospital, the report only needs to be made if the injury is a 'specified injury' (see above).



Reportable occupational diseases

Employers and self-employed people must report diagnoses of certain occupational diseases, where these are likely to have been caused by or made worse by work. This must be done when a written diagnosis from a doctor is received. These diseases include: carpal tunnel syndrome; severe cramp of the hand or forearm, occupational dermatitis; hand-arm vibration syndrome; occupational asthma; tendonitis or tenosynovitis of the hand or forearm; any occupational cancer; any disease attributed to and occupational exposure to a biological agent.

Reportable dangerous occurrences

Dangerous occurrences are certain, specified near-miss events. Not every near-miss event must be reported. There are 27 categories of dangerous occurrences that are relevant to all workplaces, for example:

- the collapse, overturning or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment;
- plant or equipment coming into contact with overhead power lines;
- explosions or fires causing work to be stopped for more than 24 hours.

Recording requirements

Employers are required to keep records of:

- Any accident, occupational disease or dangerous occurrence which required reporting under RIDDOR; and
- Any other occupational accident causing injuries that result in a worker being away from work or incapacitated for more than seven consecutive days (not counting the day of the accident but including any weekends or other rest days)

